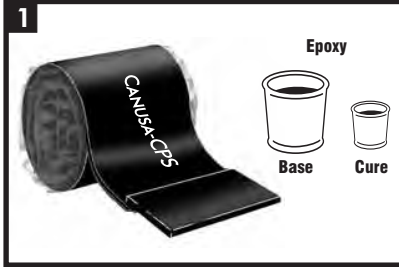


## GTS-65 (3-Layer)

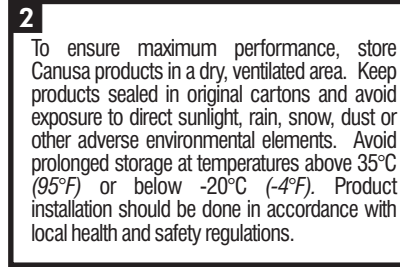
### Global Transmission Sleeve

#### Product Description



GTS-65 Global Transmission Sleeves are shipped pre-cut with a pre-attached closure. Bulk quantities are also available. The sleeve adhesive is protected from contamination by an inner liner. The joint completion system may also use an epoxy primer.

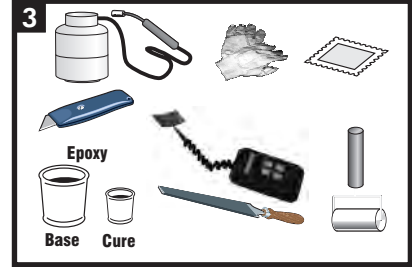
#### Storage & Safety Guidelines



To ensure maximum performance, store Canusa products in a dry, ventilated area. Keep products sealed in original cartons and avoid exposure to direct sunlight, rain, snow, dust or other adverse environmental elements. Avoid prolonged storage at temperatures above 35°C (95°F) or below -20°C (-4°F). Product installation should be done in accordance with local health and safety regulations.

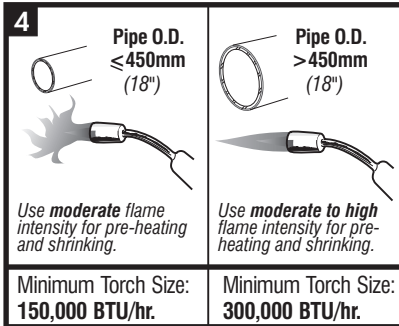
These installation instructions are intended as a guide for standard products. Consult your Canusa representative for specific projects or unique applications.

#### Equipment List

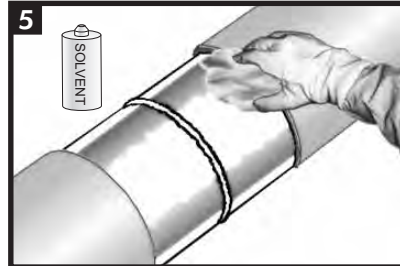


Propane tank, hose, torch & regulator  
 Appropriate tools for surface abrasion  
 Epoxy application accessories & wet film thickness gauge  
 Knife, roller, rags & Canusa approved solvent cleanser  
 Digital thermometer with suitable probe  
 Standard safety equipment: gloves, goggles, hard hat, etc.

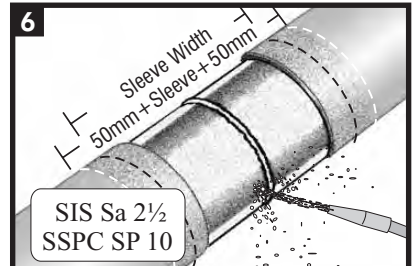
#### Flame Intensity & Torch Size



#### Surface Preparation



Ensure that the mainline coating edges are beveled to 30°. If there is the presence of oil, grease, or other surface contaminants; clean the exposed steel and adjacent pipe coating with a solvent cleanser.

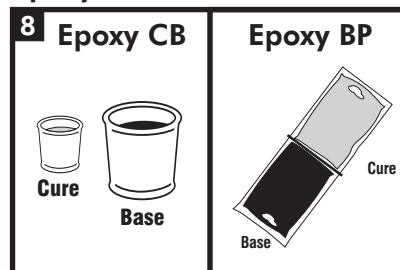


Warm the joint area to 40-50°C (100-120°F) before grit blasting. Thoroughly clean the weld area with a sand or grit blaster to "near white metal" SIS Sa 2½ or equivalent. Abrade the mainline coating adjacent to the weld area to a distance 50mm (2") beyond the sleeve width.



Wipe clean or air blast the steel and coated areas to remove foreign materials.

#### Epoxy Primer



Follow the Preparation, Mixing and Application instructions provided with the supplied Canusa Epoxy Pack. For bulk quantities: mix the primer cure with the primer base (4 parts base to 1 part cure by volume). Stir for a minimum of 30 seconds to assure uniform mixture.

#### Epoxy Primer Application



Apply mixed epoxy to a minimum uniform thickness of 4 mils on all exposed bare metal plus 10 mm (0.5") onto the adjacent pipe coating.

#### Pre-Heat

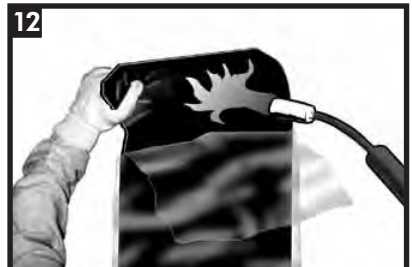


Pre-heat the epoxy and the abraded coating to 90°C +/- 5° (195°F +/- 10°) with the appropriate propane torch. This will substantially cure the epoxy and ensure proper flow and bonding of the sleeve adhesive. **Do not use an intense flame on the mainline coating.** If a film develops on the mainline coating because of preheat, use a surface abrasion tool to remove it.

#### Sleeve Installation



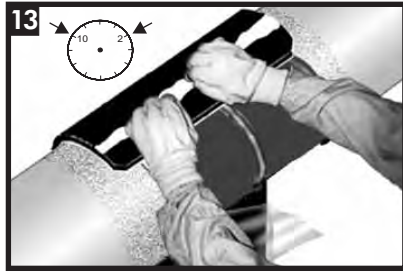
**Check the temperature to ensure the preheat has been obtained on the entire pipe circumference.** This preheat will substantially cure the epoxy and ensure proper flow and bonding of the sleeve adhesive. Ensure that the epoxy primer is dry to the touch prior to sleeve installation.



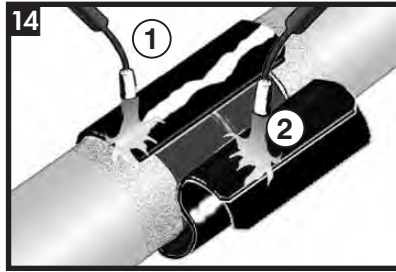
Partially remove the release liner and gently heat the underlap approximately 150 mm (6") from the edge.

**For Sales & Information, Call Toll Free: (888) 532-7937**

## Sleeve Installation Cont'd



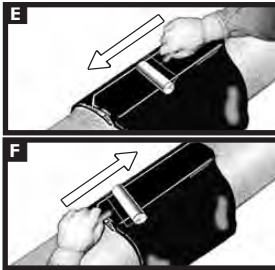
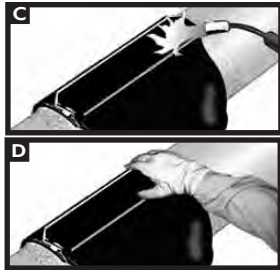
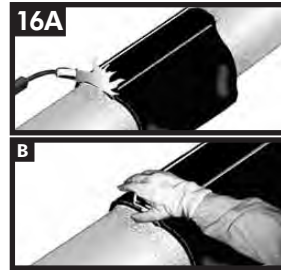
Centre the sleeve over the joint so that the sleeve overlaps between the 10 and 2 o'clock positions. Press the underlap firmly into place. Remove the remaining release liner.



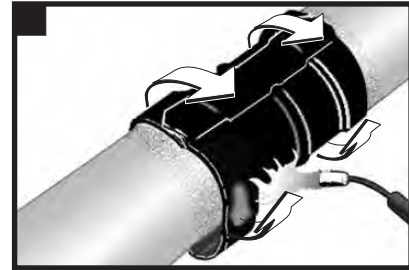
Wrap the sleeve loosely around the pipe, ensuring the appropriate overlap. Gently heat the backing of the underlap and the adhesive side of the overlap.



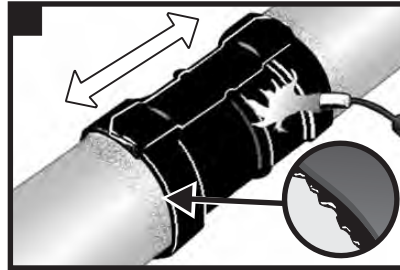
Press the closure firmly into place.



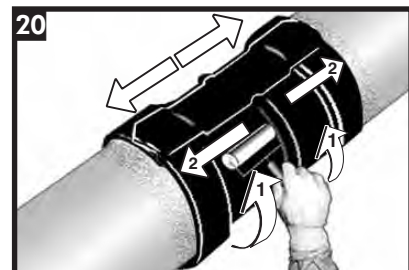
Gently heat the closure and pat it down with a gloved hand. Repeating this procedure, move from one side to the other. Smooth any wrinkles by gently working them outward from the centre of the closure with a roller.



Continue heating from the centre toward one end of the sleeve until recovery is complete. In a similar manner, heat and shrink the remaining side.



Shrinking has been completed when the adhesive begins to ooze at the sleeve edges all around the circumference. Finish shrinking the sleeve with long horizontal strokes over the entire surface to ensure a uniform bond.

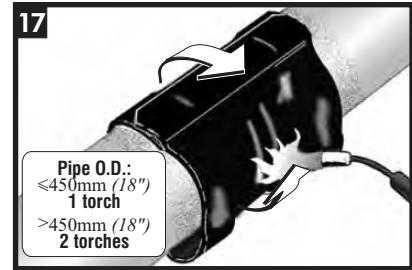


While the sleeve is still hot and soft, use a hand roller to gently roll the sleeve surface and push any trapped air up and out of the sleeve, as shown above. Continue the procedure by also firmly rolling the closure with long horizontal strokes from the weld outwards.



Visually inspect the installed sleeve for the following:

- Sleeve is in full contact with the steel joint.
- Adhesive flows beyond both sleeve edges.
- No cracks or holes in sleeve backing.



Using the appropriate sized torch, begin at the centre of the sleeve and heat circumferentially around the pipe. Use broad strokes. If utilizing two torches, operators should work on opposite sides of pipe.

### Epoxy Usage:

(300mm / 12" cutback and 0.15mm / 0.006" epoxy thickness)

Pipe diameter mm	in	Quantity required	
		base (ml)	cure (ml)
115	4½	16	4
170	6.6	24	6
230	8.6	32	8
280	10¾	40	10
315	12¾	44	11
355	14	52	13
400	16	56	14
450	18	64	16
500	20	72	18
610	24	88	22
660	26	96	24
760	30	108	27
915	36	132	33
1060	42	152	38
1220	48	172	43
1420	56	200	50
1520	60	216	54

Epoxy required for 300 mm / 12" cutback. For other cutbacks, divide by 12 and multiply by new cutback in inches

### Example:

200 mm (8") cutback on  
610 mm diameter pipe

$$\text{base: } 88 \text{ ml} \times \frac{8}{12} = 60 \text{ ml base}$$

$$\text{cure: } 22 \text{ ml} \times \frac{8}{12} = 15 \text{ ml cure}$$